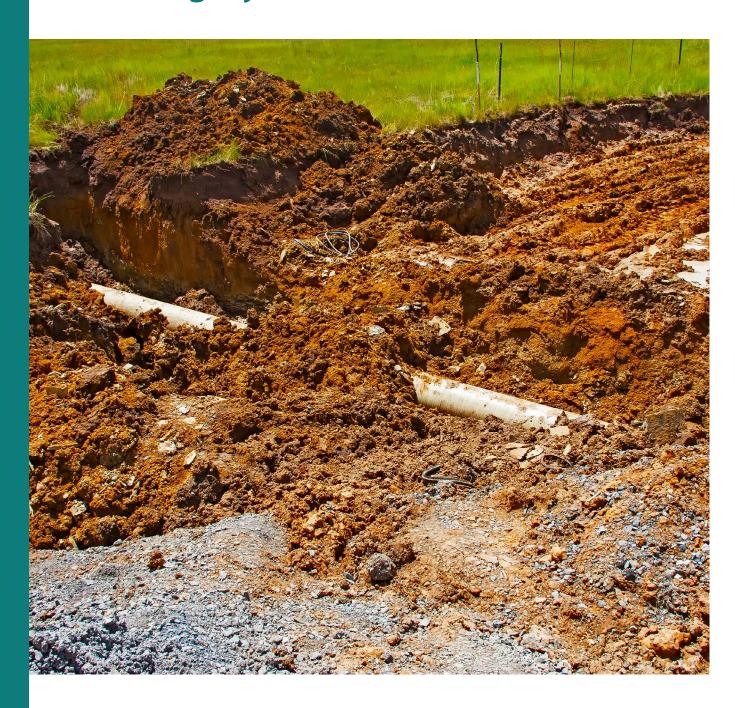


Understanding Category 1 and Category 2 Remediation Works



Regional Contaminated Land Capacity Building Program

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This document forms part of a series of Contaminated Land Resources and Guides, produced as part of the Contaminated Land Capacity Building Program, as outlined on the next page.

Proudly led by the Councils of the Hunter Region

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Acknowledgement of Country

The Hunter Joint Organisation acknowledges the country and history of the traditional custodians of the lands upon which we work and live. We pay our respects to the Elders past, present and emerging, of our region, and of Australia.

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Focus Areas

Supporting Resources and Guides

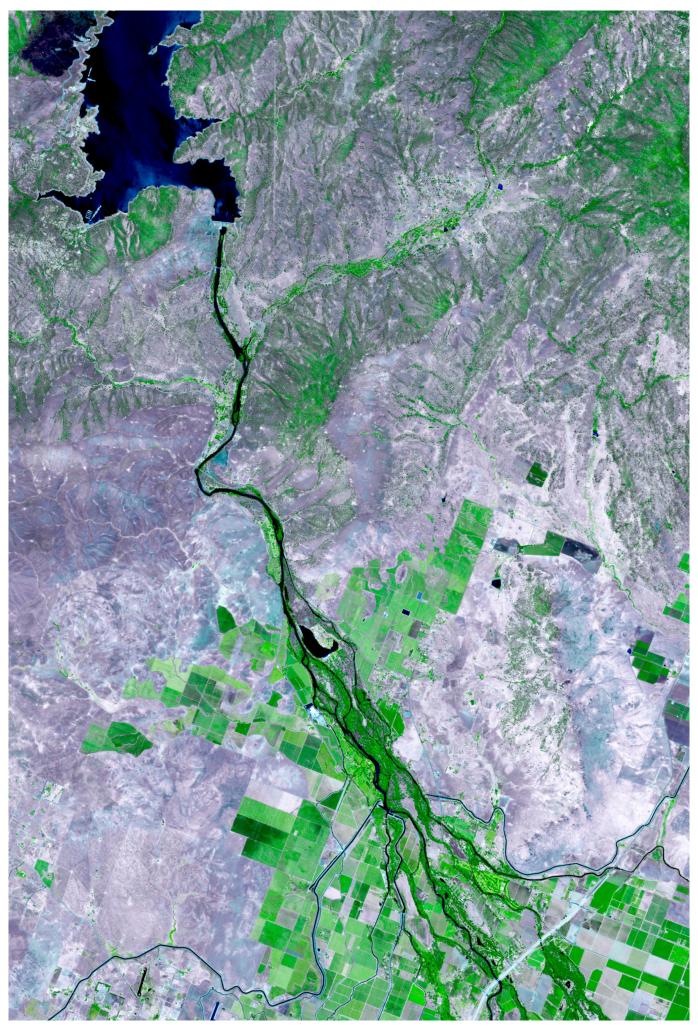
Developing a Contaminated Land Information System Communicating Information **Information Management** through Property Notations Conducting an Initial Review by Council Inititating the Investigation, **Remediation and Site Audit Process Register of Contaminated** Investigation, Remediation and **Land Consent Conditions Site Audit Processes Understanding Category 1 and** Category 2 Remediation Works **Understanding the Contaminated Land Site Audit Process Investigation and Reporting Standards Investigation and Reporting Standards**

Duty to Report Contamination to the EPA

Duty to Report Contamination

Preventing Contamination

Developing Quality Conditions of Consent



1. Introduction

Remediation is generally considered beneficial as it improves the quality of the environment, reduces health risks and restores land to productive use. However, in some situations remediation work itself has the potential for environmental impact, and the planning process must ensure that these impacts are adequately identified and mitigated.

The Resilience and Hazards State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards SEPP) provides consistent state-wide planning and development controls for the remediation of contaminated land. It identifies two categories of remediation works:

- · Category 1 Remediation Works, which is remediation works that require development consent; and
- Category 2 Remediation Works, which does not require development consent, but must be notified to Council prior to commencement and upon completion.

This document outlines the context and triggers for Category 1 and Category 2 Remediation Works.



2. Category 1 Remediation Works

Remediation work which requires development consent is known as Category 1 Remediation Work. The triggers for Category 1 from the Resilience and Hazards SEPP, Clause 4.8 are:

"Category 1 Remediation Work: work needing consent

For the purposes of this chapter, a Category 1 Remediation Work is a remediation work (not being a work to which clause 14 (b) applies) that is:

- a. designated development, or
- b. carried out or to be carried out on land declared to be a critical habitat, or
- c. likely to have a significant effect on a critical habitat or a threatened species, population or ecological community, or
- d. development for which another State environmental planning policy or a regional environmental plan requires development consent, or
- e. carried out or to be carried out in an area or zone to which any classifications to the following effect apply under an environmental planning instrument:
 - coastal protection,
 - · conservation or heritage conservation,
 - · habitat area, habitat protection area, habitat or wildlife corridor,
 - · environment protection,
 - escarpment, escarpment protection or escarpment preservation,
 - floodway,
 - littoral rainforest,
 - nature reserve,
 - scenic area or scenic protection,
 - wetland, or
- f. carried out or to be carried out on any land in a manner that does not comply with a policy made under the contaminated land planning guidelines by the Council for any local government area in which the land is situated (or if the land is within the unincorporated area, the Western Lands Commissioner).

Note: See Section 5A of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 for the factors to be taken into account in assessing whether there is likely to be a significant effect as referred to in paragraph (c) above. The terms used in that paragraph are defined in that Act by reference to both the Threatened Species Conservation Act 1995 and the Fisheries Management Act 1994."

Section 4.8(f) in the above triggers allows Councils to nominate additional types of remediation works as Category 1 in a policy made under the contaminated land planning guidelines. The *Model Regional Contaminated Land Policy - Land Use Planning* (Hunter Joint Organisation 2024) includes site management requirements in Attachment D, which were established to prevent Category 2 work from adversely impacting on the environment and public amenity. In the Model Policy, it is stated that if the requirements cannot be met, the remediation is considered to be Category 1 Remediation Works.

ADVISORY NOTES:

Council may have elected additional triggers for Category 1 Remediation Works in its Policy in accordance with Clause 4.8(f) of the Resilience and Hazards SEPP, or amended the ones in the Model Policy. Planning staff are to be informed of any such additions.



All Category 1 Remediation Work must be completed in in accordance with:

- · The Contaminated Land Planning Guidelines;
- The National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999 (ASC NEPM, amended 2013);
- Guidelines published under the CLM Act 1997 (the up-to-date list for statutory guidelines is available
 on https://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/your-environment/contaminated-land/statutory-guidelines are available on https://www.epa.nsw.gov.au/your-environment/contaminated-land/non-statutory-guidance-documents);
- A Remedial Action Plan approved by the consent authority; and
- Council's Contaminated Land Policy

If a Category 1 Remediation Work is ancillary to other development, it must still be treated in accordance with the requirements for Category 1 works even if the other development does not require consent. Where Category 1 Remediation Work is designated development and ancillary to other development, it does not cause the other development to require development consent as a consequence, nor does it render the other development as designated development.

In accordance with Clause 4.10 of the Resilience and Hazards SEPP, Council must not refuse development consent for Category 1 Remediation Work unless it is satisfied that the proposed remediation works will pose a more significant risk of harm to human health or the environment than if the land were not remediated in the manner proposed in the Remedial Action Plan.

3. Category 2 Remediation Works

Remediation works that can be carried out without development consent are known as Category 2 work. However, if any works proposed as Category 2 are carried out in a manner that is inconsistent with Council's Contaminated Land Policy, then the work becomes Category 1 and requires development consent (in accordance with Clause 4.8(f) of the Resilience and Hazards SEPP).

The Model Regional Contaminated Land Policy - Land Use Planning (Hunter Joint Organisation 2024) includes site management requirements in Attachment D, which were established to prevent Category 2 Remediation Works from adversely impacting on the environment and public amenity. Remediation works that do not comply with requirements adopted into a Council's Contaminated Land Policy are to be classified as Category 1 Remediation Work and require development consent.

ADVISORY NOTES:

The Site Management Requirements from Attachment D of the Model Regional Contaminated Land Policy - Land Use Planning (Hunter Joint Organisation 2024) may have been amended by Council when adapting it to a local policy. Council should consider any amendments when reading this document.



Where Category 2 Remediation Works are ancillary to designated development requiring development consent, the Proponent can choose to make the works part of the development application for the designated development (rather than making it the subject of its own development application) or treat it as Category 2 Remediation Works.

The Resilience and Hazards SEPP requires that the local Council be notified at least 30 days before Category 2 Remediation Works commence. This provides Councils with the information needed to verify that the works are not Category 1. The notification also serves as a basis for updating Council's Contaminated Land Information System (Register). The minimum content of the notification is established by the Resilience and Hazards SEPP Clause 4.13), and must:

- Be in writing
- Provide the name, address and telephone number of the person who has the duty of ensuring that the notice is given
- Briefly describe the remediation work
- Show why the person considers that the work is Category 2 Remediation Work
- Specify, by reference to its property description and street address (if any), the land on which the work is to be carried out
- Provide a map of the location of the land
- Provide estimates of the dates for the commencement and completion of the work

In accordance with the Model Policy, the notification is also to include the Remedial Action Plan and any Investigation Reports.

Category 2 Remediation Works are to be carried out in accordance with:

- · The Contaminated Land Planning Guidelines;
- The National Environment Protection (Assessment of Site Contamination) Measure 1999 (ASC NEPM, amended 2013);
- Any guidelines made or adopted under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (links included in Section 2); and
- Council's Contaminated Land Policy

In accordance with Section 4.1 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (updated in 2018), if the remediation works can be carried out without the need for development consent, an environmental assessment of the development may nevertheless be required under Division 5.1 of the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979 (updated in 2018).

4. Notice of Completion for all Remediation Works

Council must also be notified within 30 days of completion of all remediation works. In accordance with the Resilience and Hazards SEPP Clause 4.14 and 4.15, the notice must:

- (a) "be in writing prepared and signed by the person who carried out the work, and
- (b) provide the person's name, address and business telephone number, and
- (c) provide details of the person's qualifications to carry out the work, and
- (d) specify, by reference to its property description and street address (if any), the land on which the work was carried out, and
- (e) provide a map of the location of the land, and
- (f) state when the work was completed, and
- (g) specify the uses of the land, and the substances, that contaminated it in such a way as to present a risk of harm to human health or some other aspect of the environment, and
- (h) specify the uses of the land immediately before the work started, and
- (i) briefly describe the method of remediation used in the work, and
- (j) specify the guidelines that were complied with in the work, and
- (k) specify the standard of remediation achieved (in the light of the use proposed for the land), and
- (I) show in what manner the work (if a category 1 remediation work) complied with the conditions of the relevant development consent, and
- (m) state what action must be maintained in relation to the land after the completion of the remediation work if the standard of remediation achieved is to be maintained.

Note: A site audit statement (within the meaning of Part 4 of the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997) may be given in partial compliance with this requirement."

In accordance with the Model Policy, the notification is to include a Validation Report.



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